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Maria Pallante
Register of Copyrights
U.S. Copyright Office 101Independence Ave. S.E. Washington, DC 20559-6000

RE: Notice of Inquiry, Copyright Office, Library of Congress
Copyright Protection for Certain Visual Works (Docket No. 2015-01)

To Whom it May Concern:

I am a Boston based freelance illustrator/designer who has worked as a visual artist for over25 year. I work with publishers, manufacturers, industries both nationl and international. My clients include Scholastic, Hasbro, William sonoma, Hallmark, American Greetings, to name but a few.

I am writing to address the problems visual artists face in the new digital environment.

1. **What are the most significant challenges related to monetizing and/or licensing photographs, graphic artworks, and/or illustrations?** As a freelance illustrator, I need to maintain revenue streams in order to make a living for my family. The resale of my past images is part of my day to day way of doing business. My collection of work is a valuable resource that produces income for me and my family. Any attempt to replace our existing copyright laws with a system that would benefit internet companies would endanger my ability to make a living. Certain companies have already begun digitizing my work without my permission or financial compensation. My fellow artists and I are constantly chasing down companies that are routinely taking (stealing) our work and profiting from it without our permission and of course, no compensation. Why would the government favor corporations like this instead of those of us who actually create new work?

2. **What are the most significant enforcement challenges for photographers, graphic artists, and/or illustrators?**
The very proposals the Copyright Office has made to Congress concern me. It is essentially a revised Orphan Works (OW) bill, but would be even worse. Orphan Works bills have been resoundingly opposed by artists since they first appeared a decade ago. A copyright law built on the foundation of orphan works law would allow internet companies to syphon off revenue from artists with the hopes of creating an even better revenue stream for themselves. There can be no bigger challenge for those of us who make our living creating new works than to have to compete with giant corporations that can get artwork free from artists and compete with us for our own markets.

3. **What are the most significant registration challenges for photographers, graphic artists, and/or illustrators?**
The proposal to reintroduce registration would become another financial burden for artists. No matter how little registries might charge in the beginning, like banks, they would soon begin to introduce charges and fees that would grow as they gain a greater and greater competitive advantage over freelance artists such as myself. Anyone who says this won't happen is not living in the real world. In the end, if the government succeeds in passing this legislation, the end result will be that artists like myself will find ourselves paying through the nose to maintain our images in somebody else's for profit registries. As for the images we can't afford to register, will all fall into noncompliance and a lifetime of images created at great expense and effort will be free to be exploited by others.

4. **What are the most significant challenges or frustrations for those who wish to make legal use of photographs, graphic art works, and/or illustrations?**
In my work I make fair use of photographs and other graphic artworks for reference but that is about all.

I thank you for your time and consideration on this matter that directly impacts every single visual artist. I ask you to recommend that visual art be excluded from any orphan works provisions Congress writes into the new copyright act.
Thank you,

Jill Howarth

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